







Safe & Nutritious Food A Shared Responsibility

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Inspiring Trust, Assuring Safe & Nutritious Food

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Introduction

This booklet is identified for people who work with food. You probably make food for your customers either in Dhabas, Restaurants, Mid-day meal kitchens, etc. We are sure that you want it to taste good, however, there is something more important while working with good. You need to make sure that it is safe to eat. FSSAI has formulated set of standards for ensuring safe food handling in food businesses. Each food businesses have to follow these practices to ensure safe food to consumers. In this booklet, you will learn how to make sure that the food you serve is safe to eat.

What is Safe Food?

Safe Food means there is nothing in food that can cause harm. For example, broken glass, hair, harmful chemicals or germs.

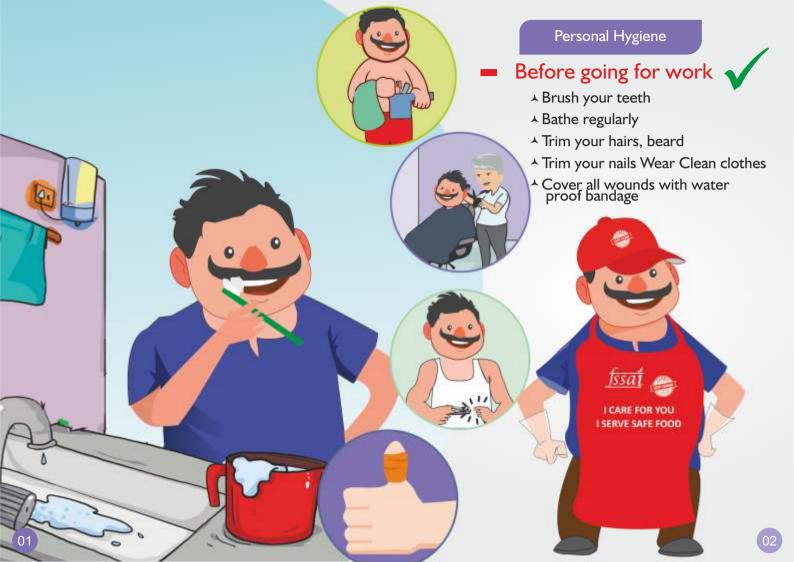
We cannot see germs with our naked eye but if they are present it makes the food poisonous and dangerous to eat. Anyone who eats that food can become very sick, with symptoms such as:

- Feeling just a bit 'queasy'or 'unwell'
- Vomiting
- Headaches
- Having go to toilet often sweating
- Feeling dizzy
- Shaking/shivering

All persons handling food should practice good personal and food hygiene to ensure that food served to consumers is safe to eat. Also, safe food handling practices should be followed at all stages of food handling. This is important to avoid introducing contamination with food being served. This book is a simple step to step guide book for food handlers to ensure personal hygiene and safe food handling.

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Before entering the kitchen

- ▲ Keep your personal belongings away
- ▲ Wear clean and covered shoes
 - → Wear Apron, gloves & head cover

WHEN SHOULD YOU

Wash your hands?



After touching animals



After exchange money



After you blow your nose, cough or sneeze



Before & After you touch a sick person



After handling waste



After you use the bathroom

How to wash hands properly



Wet your hands & apply soap



Rub palms together to create a lather



Palms over the back of hands



Rub between fingers



Thumbs & wrists



Fingertips onto palms



Wash hands with Clean Wash



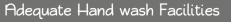
Dry your hands with clean towel



Soap Supply

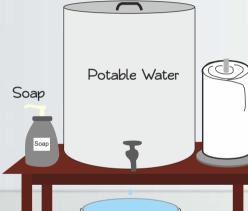






Temporary

Gallen Thermal Container



Waste

Discard Bucket Paper towels

Food Premises & Facilities

Food Premises & Facilities



Keep food preparation area clean and well maintained



Wall should be smooth, light colored, non-absorbent and easy to clean.



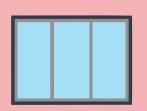
Doors should be fitted with air filters/ air curtains.



There should be no wire/electrical fittings hanging from the ceiling



Ceilings and walls should be kept clean.



Windows should be covered with shatter proof glass and a wire mesh.



There should be a proper hand wash facility in the food preparation area.



Covered garbage bins with food operated pedals should be used in food preparation area.

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Safe Handling of Food







Use Separate containers for veg/non veg, raw & cooked food







Product stored as per temperature requirement

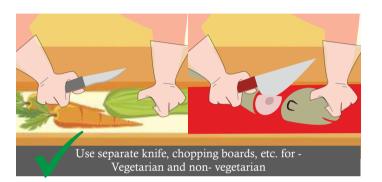




Keep your containers atleast 15cm above the ground.

Note- FIFO- first in first out- use items first which are bought first FEFO- first expire first out- use items first with a closer expiry date

Food Handling





Transport



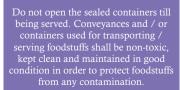
The vehicle/transportation being used to carry cooked/prepared/processed food should be kept clean

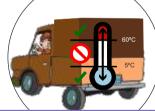


Do not carry non-food item in transport vehicle dedicated for transporting food product.



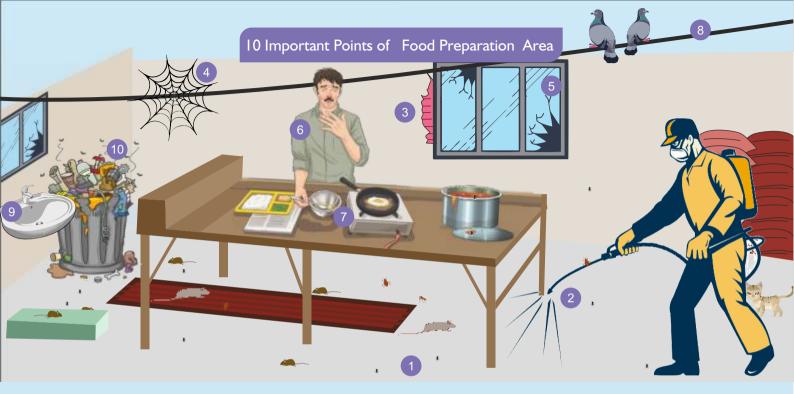
Food should be transported within two hours of food preparation.





Cooked food served hot should be kept at a temperature of at least 60 °C to prevent microbial growth. Cooked food to be served cold should be kept below 5 °C to prevent growth of pathogens.





- 1. Keep food preparation area clean and should be kept well maintained
- 2. Do not spray insecticides/ do pest control while food preparation
- 3. Wall should be smooth, light colored, non-absorbent and easy to clean. There should be no paint flaking from the walls in the kitchen area.
- 4. Ceilings and walls should be kept clean. There should be no cobwebs in the food preparation area
- 5. Windows should be covered with shatter proof glass and a wire mesh.

- 6. Staff should wear clean uniform, headgear/ cap and wash hands before handling food. Staff should maintain personal hygiene
- 7. All equipment should be well maintained
- 8. There should be no wire/ electrical fittings hanging from the ceiling
- 9. There should be a proper hand wash facility in the food preparation area
- 10. Covered garbage bins with food operated pedals should be used in food preparation area. These garbage bins should be emptied and cleaned regularly.

Serving



Keep the serving area and equipments clean.



Cooked food meant to be served hot must be kept above 60°C & cold food must be held below 5°C.



Floor of the kitchen and slab to be cleaned everyday. All surfaces should be smooth to avoid contamination.



Cleaning and Sanitation

Adequate waste drainage facility to be there to avoid contamination. Drains should be properly cleaned.



Do not touch cooked food with bare hands.



Food should be consumed within 4 hours if to be kept at room temperature.



Keep the serving area and equipments clean.



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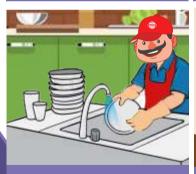
Cleaning and Sanitation



Pre-cleaning – Scrape and rinse to remove loose food.



Wash - Use detergent solutions to remove stuck-on food.



Rinse to remove food & detergent



Air Dry

Waste Disposal



Keep different dustbins for food and non-food waste.



- Dispose the garbage every day.
- Clean & sanitize the dustbins regularly.



Do not overfill the dustbin

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Pest Control

- · Conduct pest control regularly.
- Take all-round action for pest control.











Food Safety Display Board

Display FSDB at prominent places in the food premise.

